

FEATURES

- Low Operating Voltage: $\pm 5\text{V}$ to $\pm 15\text{V}$
- $500\mu\text{A}$ Supply Current
- Zero Supply Current when Shut Down
- Outputs Can Be Driven $\pm 30\text{V}$
- Thermal Limiting
- Output "Open" when Off (Three-State)
- 10mA Output Drive
- Pinout Similar to 1488

APPLICATIONS

- RS232
- Power Supply Inverter
- Micropower Interface
- Level Translator


DESCRIPTION

The LT1032 is a RS232 and RS423 line driver that operates over a $\pm 5\text{V}$ to $\pm 15\text{V}$ range on low supply current and can be shut down to zero supply current. Outputs are fully protected from externally applied voltages of $\pm 30\text{V}$ by both current and thermal limiting. Since the output swings to within 200mV of the positive supply and 600mV of the negative supply, power supply needs are minimized.

Also included is a strobe pin to force all outputs low independent of input or shutdown conditions. Further, slew rate can be adjusted with a resistor connected to the supply.

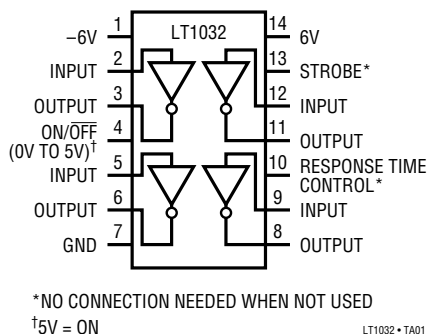
A major advantage of the LT1032 is the high impedance output state when off or powered down.

For applications requiring dual or triple RS232 driver/receiver devices, see the LT1080 (dual), LT1039 (triple) or the LT1130 data sheets.

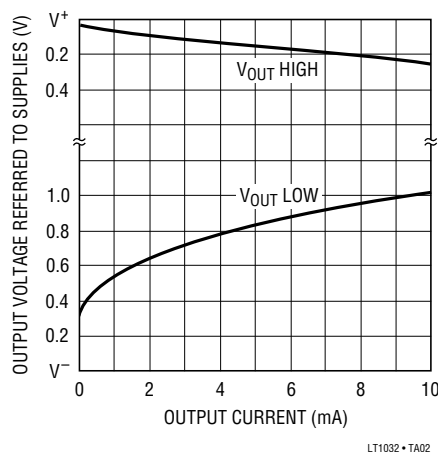
 and LTC are registered trademarks and LT is a trademark of Linear Technology Corporation.

TYPICAL APPLICATION

RS232 Line Driver



Output Swing vs Output Current



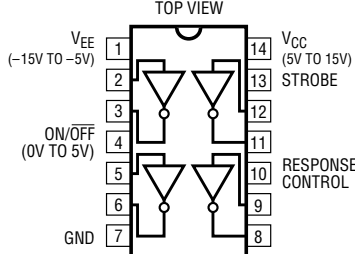
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

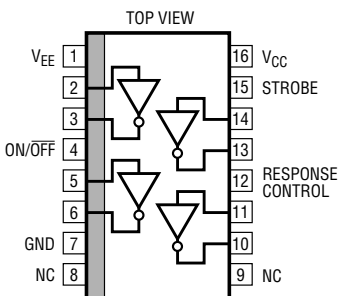
Supply Voltage $\pm 15\text{V}$
 Logic Input Pins V^- to 25V
 ON/OFF Pin GND to 15V
 Output (Forced) $V^- + 30\text{V}$, $V^+ - 30\text{V}$
 Response Pin $\pm 6\text{V}$
 Short-Circuit Duration (to $\pm 30\text{V}$) Indefinite

Operating Temperature Range

LT1032C 0°C to 70°C
 LT1032M -55°C to 125°C
 Guaranteed Functional by Design -25°C to 85°C
 Storage Temperature Range -65°C to 150°C
 Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec) 300°C

PACKAGE/ORDER INFORMATION

<div><p>TOP VIEW</p><p>J PACKAGE 14-LEAD CERAMIC DIP</p><p>N PACKAGE 14-LEAD PLASTIC DIP</p><p>$T_{JMAX} = 85^{\circ}\text{C}$, $\theta_{JA} = 100^{\circ}\text{C/W}$, $\theta_{JC} = 60^{\circ}\text{C}$ (CJ) $T_{JMAX} = 85^{\circ}\text{C}$, $\theta_{JA} = 100^{\circ}\text{C/W}$, $\theta_{JC} = 60^{\circ}\text{C}$ (CN) $T_{JMAX} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$, $\theta_{JA} = 100^{\circ}\text{C/W}$, $\theta_{JC} = 60^{\circ}\text{C}$ (MJ)</p></div>	<div><p>ORDER PART NUMBER</p><p>LT1032CJ LT1032CN LT1032MJ</p></div>

<div><p>TOP VIEW</p><p>S PACKAGE 16-LEAD PLASTIC SOL</p><p>$T_{JMAX} = 85^{\circ}\text{C}$, $\theta_{JA} = 80^{\circ}\text{C/W}$</p></div>	<div><p>ORDER PART NUMBER</p><p>LT1032CS</p></div>

Consult factory for Industrial grade parts.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Supply Voltage = $\pm 5\text{V}$ to $\pm 15\text{V}$

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Supply Current	$V_{ON/OFF} \geq 2.4\text{V}$, $I_{OUT} = 0$, All Outputs Low	●	500	1000	μA
Power Supply Leakage Current	$V_{ON/OFF} \leq 0.4\text{V}$	●	1	10	μA
	$V_{ON/OFF} \leq 0.1\text{V}$, $T_A = 125^\circ\text{C}$	●	10	50	μA
Output Voltage Swing	Load = 2mA Positive Negative	$V^+ - 0.3\text{V}$	$V^+ - 0.1\text{V}$ $V^- + 0.7\text{V}$	$V^- + 0.9\text{V}$	V V
Output Current (Active)	$V_{SUPPLY} = \pm 5\text{V}$ to $\pm 15\text{V}$	10	22		mA
Output Current (Shutdown)	$V_{SUPPLY} = 0\text{V}$, $V_{OUT} = \pm 30\text{V}$		2	100	μA
	$V_{SUPPLY} = \pm 15\text{V}$, $V_{OUT} = \pm 20\text{V}$		2	100	μA
Output Overload Voltage (Forced)	Operating or Shutdown	●	$V^+ - 30\text{V}$	$V^- + 30\text{V}$	V
Input Overload Voltage (Forced)	Operating or Shutdown	●	V^-	30V	V
Logic Input Levels	Low Input ($V_{OUT} = \text{High}$)	●	1.4	0.8	V
	High Input ($V_{OUT} = \text{Low}$)	●	2	1.4	V
Logic Input Current	$V_{IN} > 2.0\text{V}$		2	20	μA
	$V_{IN} < 0.8\text{V}$		10	20	μA
ON/OFF Pin Current	$0 \leq V_{IN} \leq 5\text{V}$	●	-10	3	50
Slew Rate	$I_{RESPONSE} = 0$, $R_L = 3\text{k}$		4	15	30
Change in Slew Rate (Note 2)	$I_{RESPONSE} = 50\mu\text{A}$			50	%
	$I_{RESPONSE} = -50\mu\text{A}$			-50	%
Response Pin Leakage	$V_{SUPPLY} = \pm 6\text{V}$, $V_{ON/OFF} \leq 0.4\text{V}$ $V_{RESPONSE} = \pm 6\text{V}$		1		μA

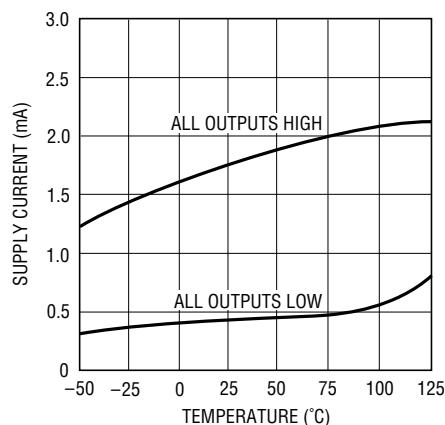
The ● denotes specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range.

Note 1: 3V applied to the strobe pin will force all outputs low. Strobe pin input impedance is about 2k to ground. Leave open when not used.

Note 2: Response can be changed by connecting a resistor to the supply. For supplies less than $\pm 6\text{V}$ this current is disconnected when shut down. Leave open when not used.

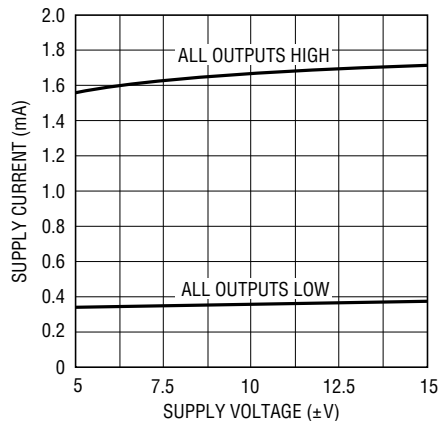
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

On Supply Current vs Temperature



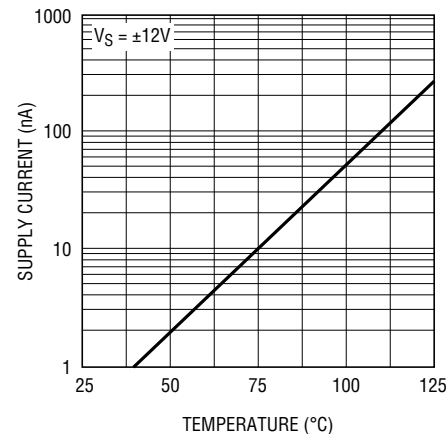
LT1032 • TPC01

Supply Current vs Supply Voltage



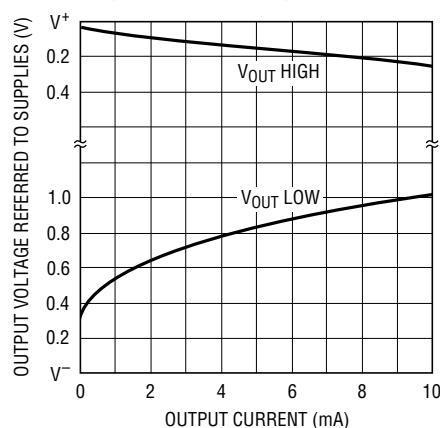
LT1032 • TPC02

Off Supply Current vs Temperature



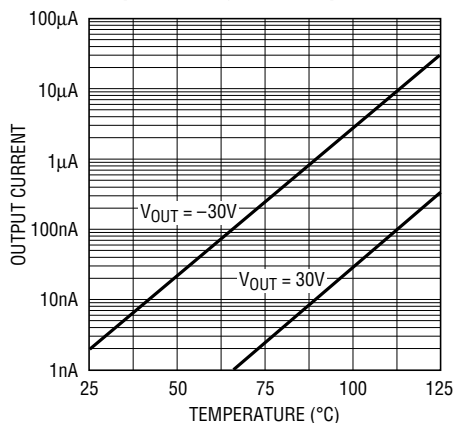
LT1032 • TPC03

Output Swing vs Output Current



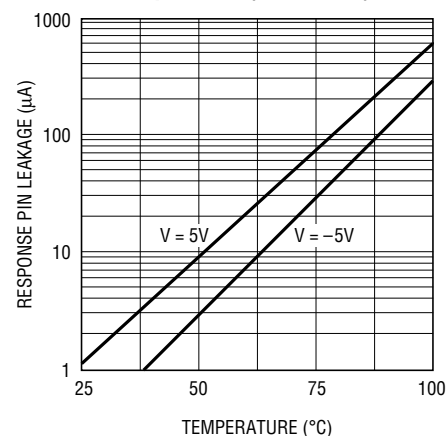
LT1032 • TA02

Output Leakage vs Temperature



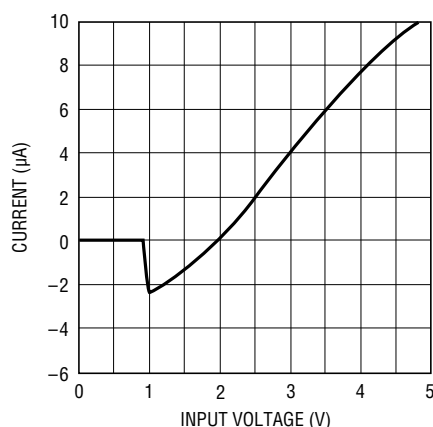
LT1032 • TPC05

Response Pin Leakage vs Temperature (Device Off)



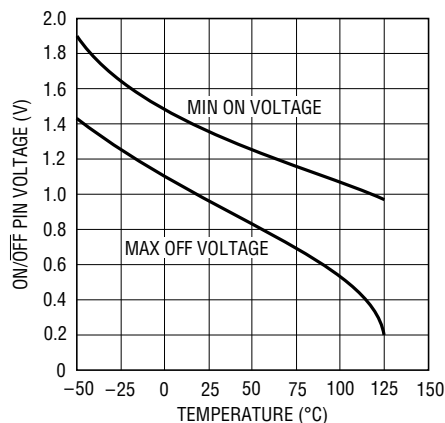
LT1032 • G06

ON/OFF Pin Current vs Voltage



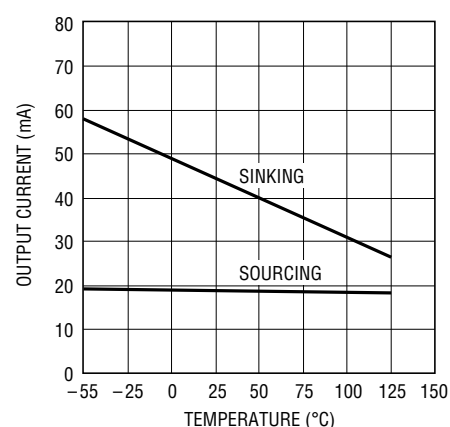
LT1032 • TPC07

Shutdown Pin Voltage vs Temperature



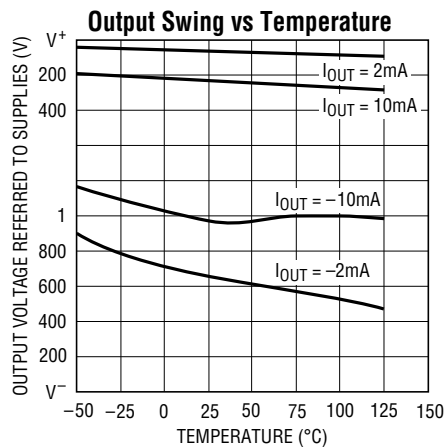
LT1032 • TPC08

Current Limit vs Temperature

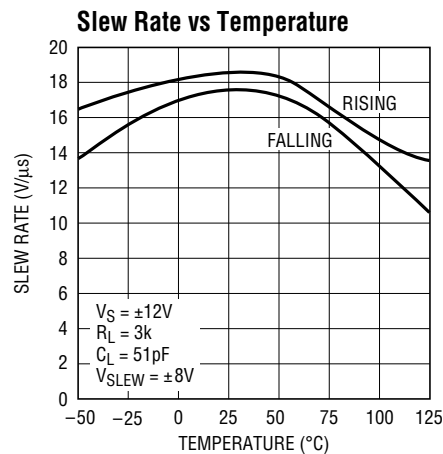


LT1032 • TPC09

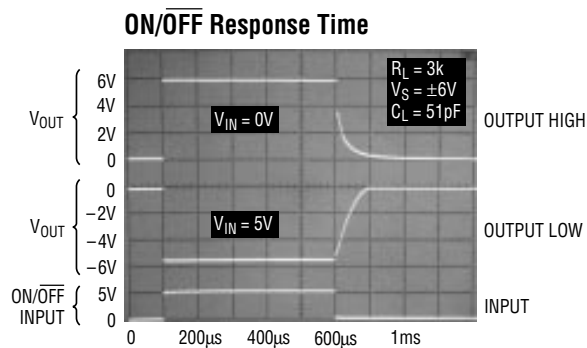
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS



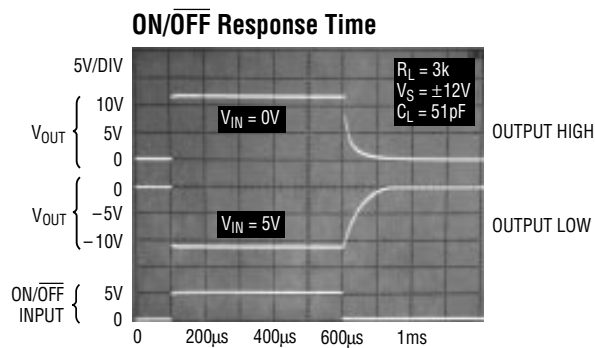
LT1032 • TPC10



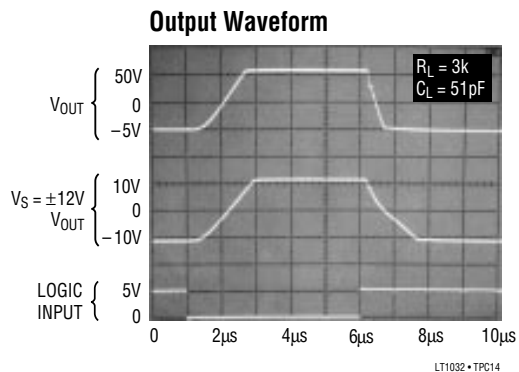
LT1032 • TPC11



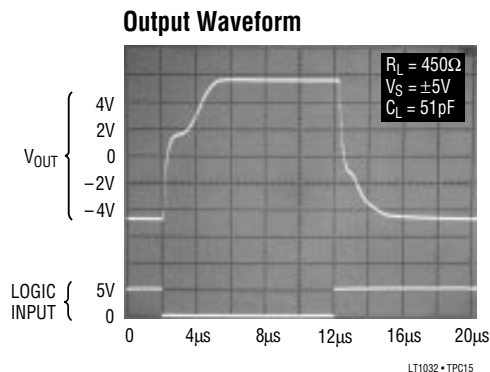
LT1032 • TPC12



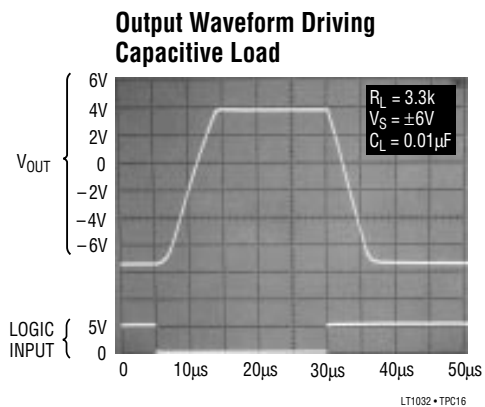
LT1032 • TPC13



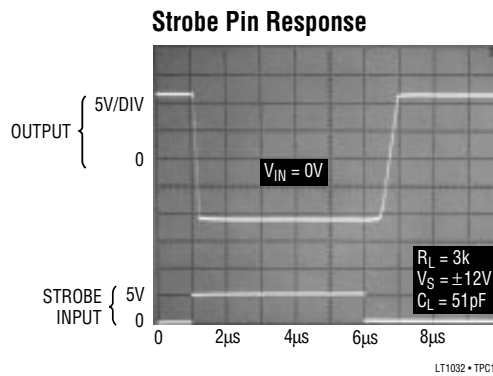
LT1032 • TPC14



LT1032 • TPC15



LT1032 • TPC16



LT1032 • TPC17

PIN FUNCTIONS

V_{EE} (J, N & S: Pin 1): Minus Supply. Operates -2V to -15V.
(J & N: Pins 2, 5, 9, 12/S: Pins 2, 5, 11, 14): Logic Input. Operates properly on TTL or CMOS levels. Output valid from $(V^- + 2V) \leq V_{IN} \leq 15V$. Connect to ground when not used.

(J & N: Pins 3, 6, 8, 11/S: Pins 3, 6, 10, 13): Output. Line drive output.

ON/OFF (J, N & S: Pin 4): Shuts down entire circuit. Cannot be left open. For "normally on" operation, connect to V⁺.

GND (J, N & S: Pin 7): Ground. Ground must be more positive than V⁻.

Response Control (J & N: Pin 10/S: Pin 12): Allows limited change of slew rate. Leave open when not used.

Strobe (J & N: Pin 13/S: Pin 15): Forces all outputs low. Drive with 3V.

V_{CC} (J & N: Pin 14/S: Pin 15): Positive Supply. Operates 5V to 15V.

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

Application Hints

The LT1032 is exceptionally easy to use when compared to older drivers. Operating supply voltage can be as low as $\pm 3V$ or as high as $\pm 15V$. Input levels are referred to ground.

The logic inputs are internally set at TTL levels. Outputs are valid for input voltages from 1V above V⁻ to 25V. Driving the logic inputs to V⁻ turns off the output stage. The ON/OFF control completely turns off all supply current of the LT1032. The levels required to drive the device on or off are set by internal emitter-based voltages. Since the current into the ON/OFF pin is so low, TTL or CMOS drivers have no problem controlling the device.

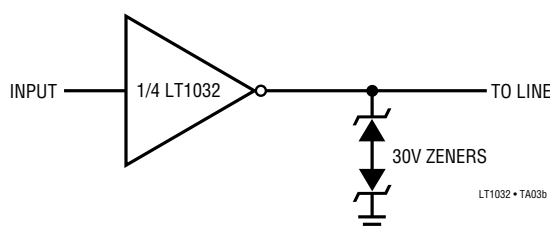
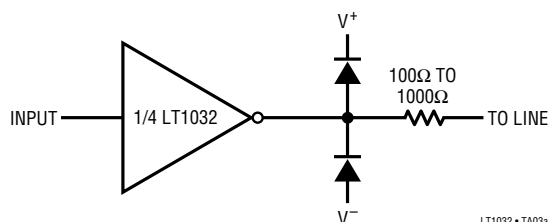
The strobe pin is not fully logic compatible. The impedance of the strobe pin is about 2k Ω to ground. Driving the strobe pin positive forces the output stages low—even if the device is shut off. Under worst case conditions, 3V minimum at 2mA are needed driving the strobe pin to insure strobing.

The response pin can be used to make some adjustment in slew rate. A resistor can be connected between the response pin and the power supplies to drive 50 μA to 100 μA into the pin. The response pin is a low impedance point operating at about 0.75V above ground. For supply voltage up to $\pm 6V$, current is turned off when the device is turned off. For higher supply voltages, a Zener should be connected in series with the resistor to limit the voltage applied to the response pin to 6V. Also, for temperatures above 100°C, using the response pin is not recommended. The leakage current into the response pin at high temperatures is excessive.

Outputs are well protected against shorts or externally applied voltage. Tested limits are $\pm 30V$, but the device can withstand external voltages up to breakdown of the transistors (typically about 50V). The LT1032 is usually immune to ESD up to 2500V on the outputs with no damage.

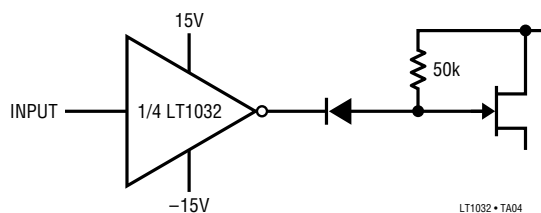
TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

Protecting Against More Than $\pm 30V$ Output Overload

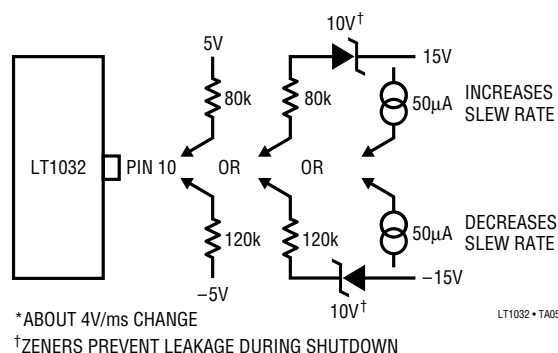


TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

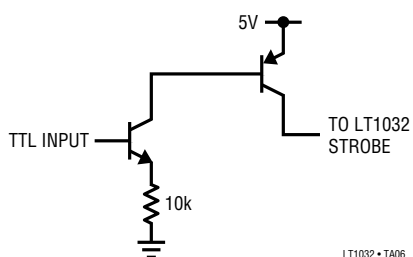
FET Driver



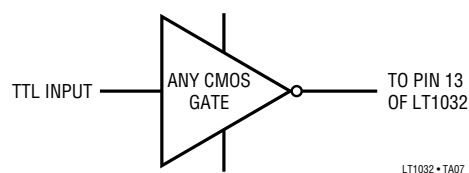
Slew Rate Adjustment*



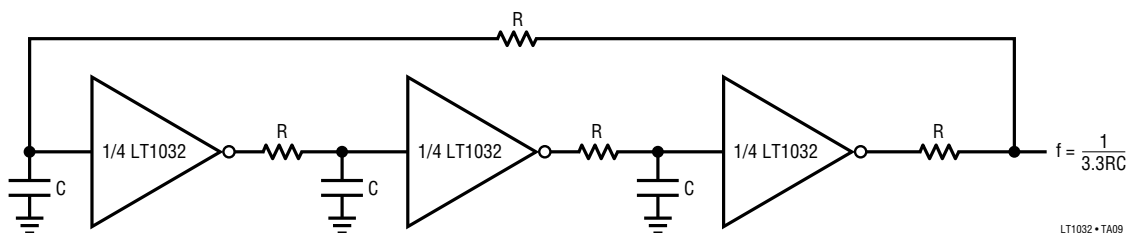
TTL/CMOS Compatible Strobe



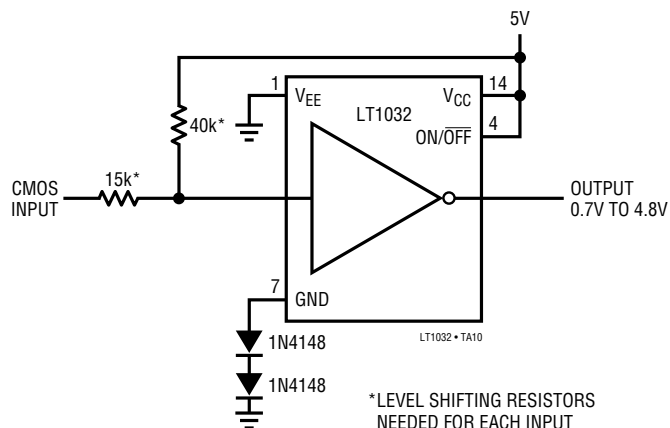
Strobing with CMOS



Phase Shift Oscillator

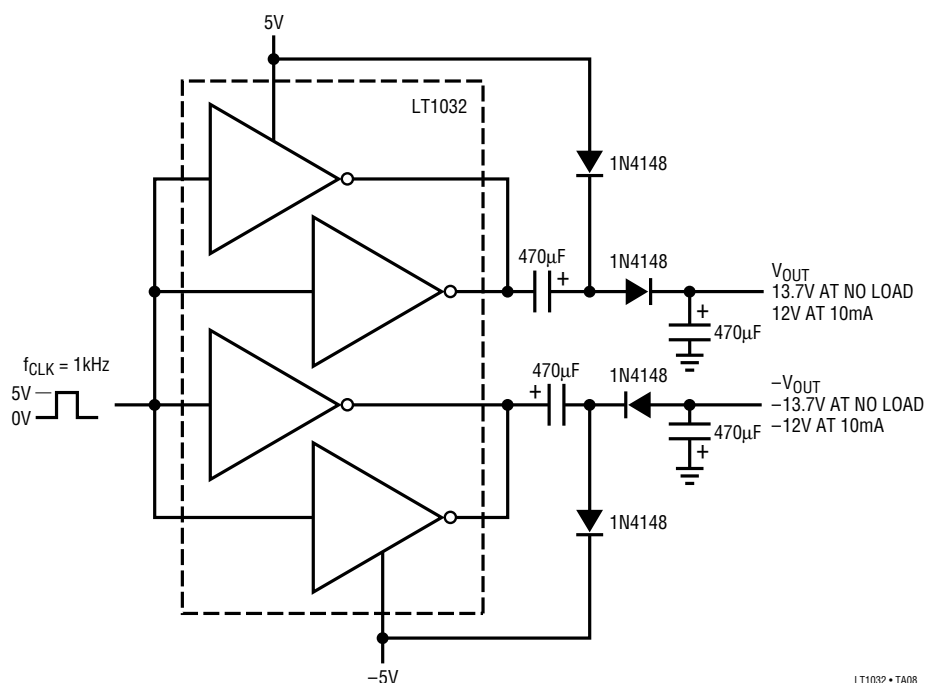


Operating from a Single 5V Supply

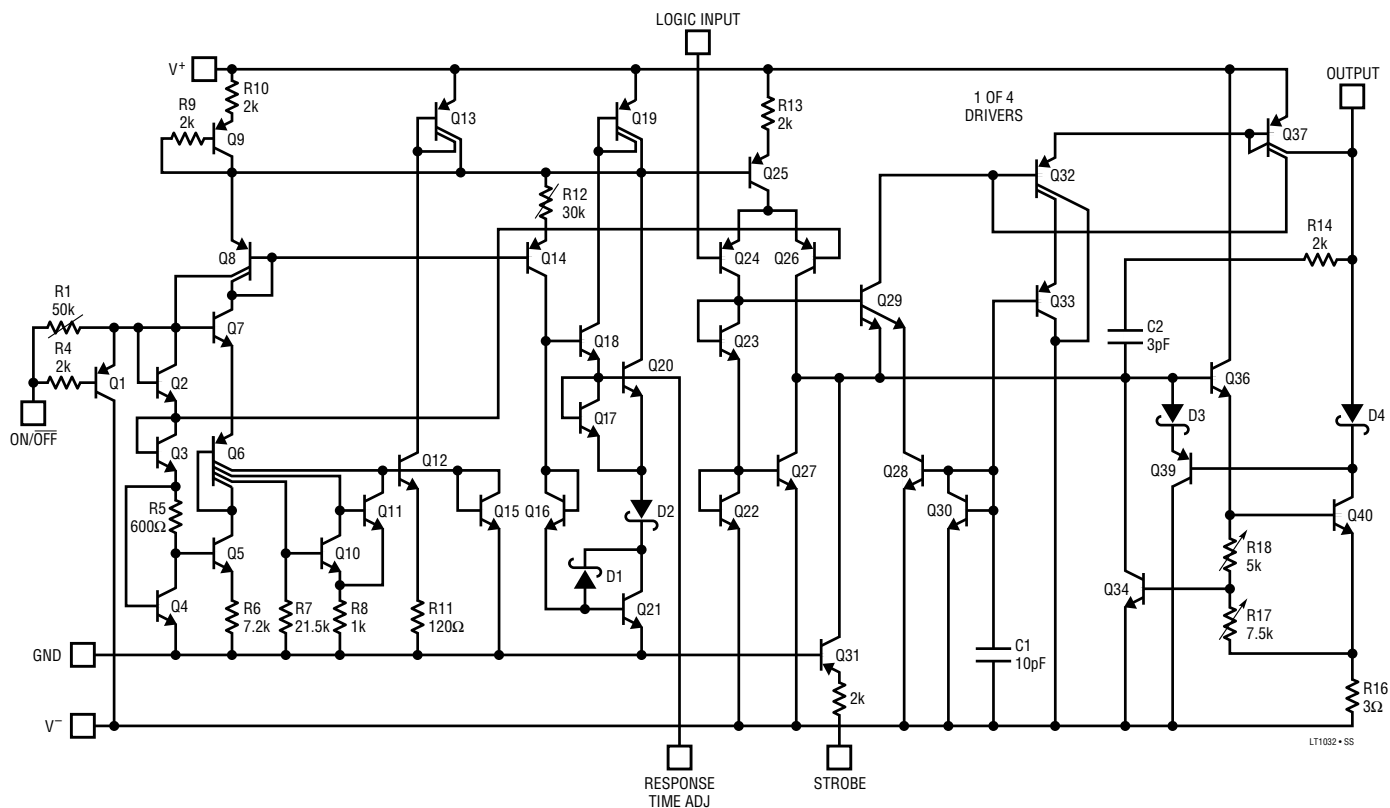


TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

$\pm 5V$ to $\pm 15V$ Voltage Multiplier



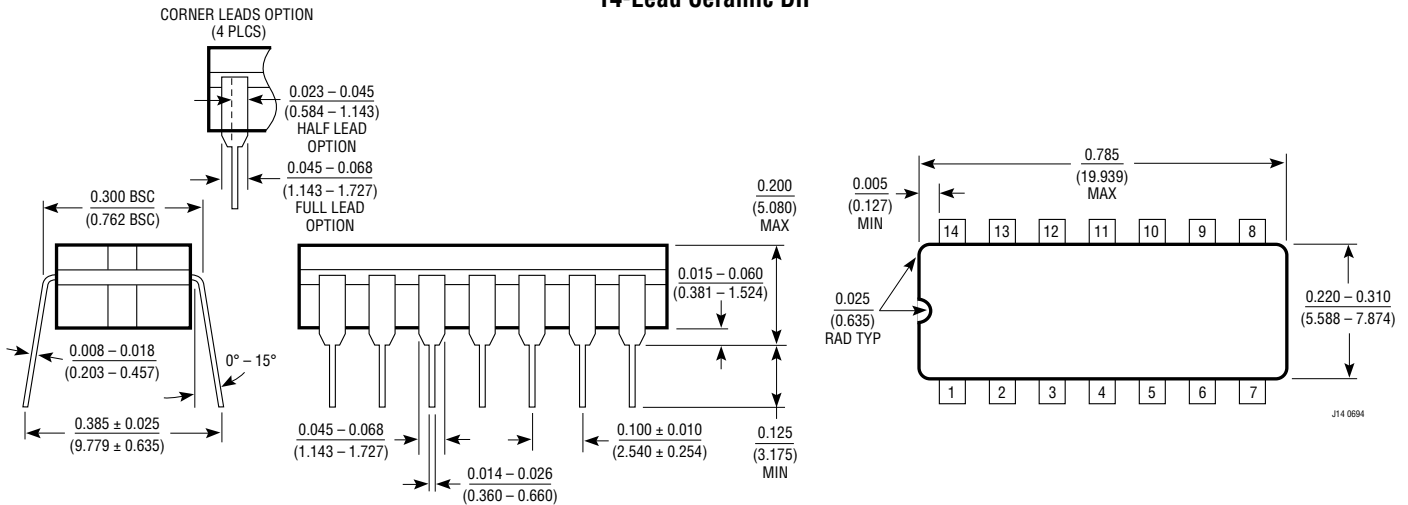
SIMPLIFIED SCHEMATIC



PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

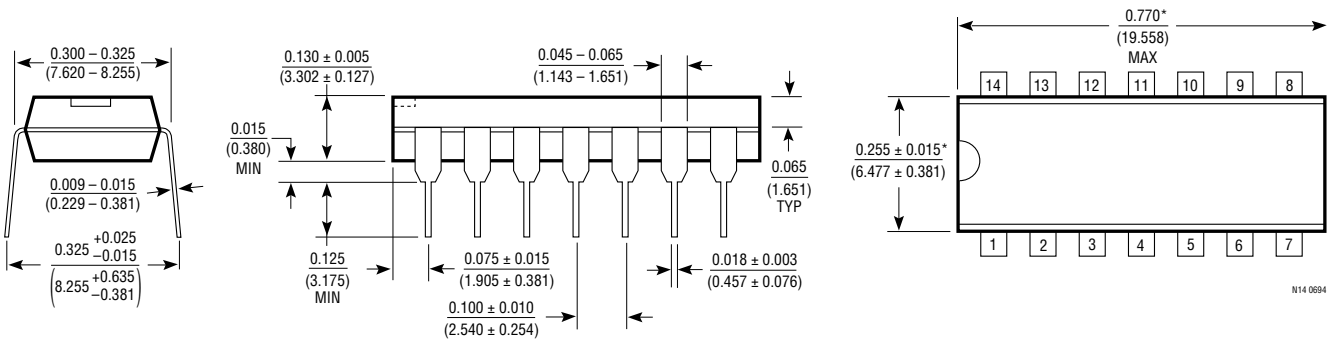
Dimensions in inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted.

J Package 14-Lead Ceramic DIP



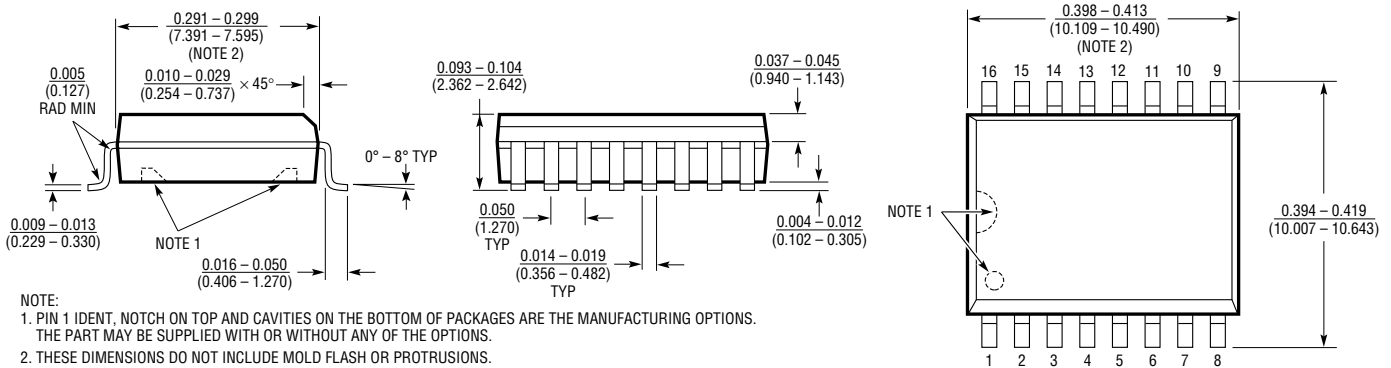
NOTE: LEAD DIMENSIONS APPLY TO SOLDER DIP OR TIN PLATE LEADS.

N Package 14-Lead Plastic DIP



*THESE DIMENSIONS DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS.
MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.010 INCH (0.254mm).

S Package 16-Lead Plastic SOL



NOTE:
1. PIN 1 IDENT. NOTCH ON TOP AND CAVITIES ON THE BOTTOM OF PACKAGES ARE THE MANUFACTURING OPTIONS. THE PART MAY BE SUPPLIED WITH OR WITHOUT ANY OF THE OPTIONS.
2. THESE DIMENSIONS DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS. MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.006 INCH (0.15mm).